

# APSC 1001 & CS 1010

---

## Deep dive into Raspberry Pi with Python

Prof. Kartik Bulusu, MAE Dept.

**Teaching Assistants:**

Sara Tenaglio, BME Dept.

Catherine Karpova, BME Dept.

Zachary Stecher, CEE Dept.

**Learning Assistants:**

Jonathan Terry, CS Dept.

Ethan Frink, MAE Dept.

Jack Umina, CS Dept.

Olivia Legault, CS Dept.

Alexis Renderos, MAE Dept.

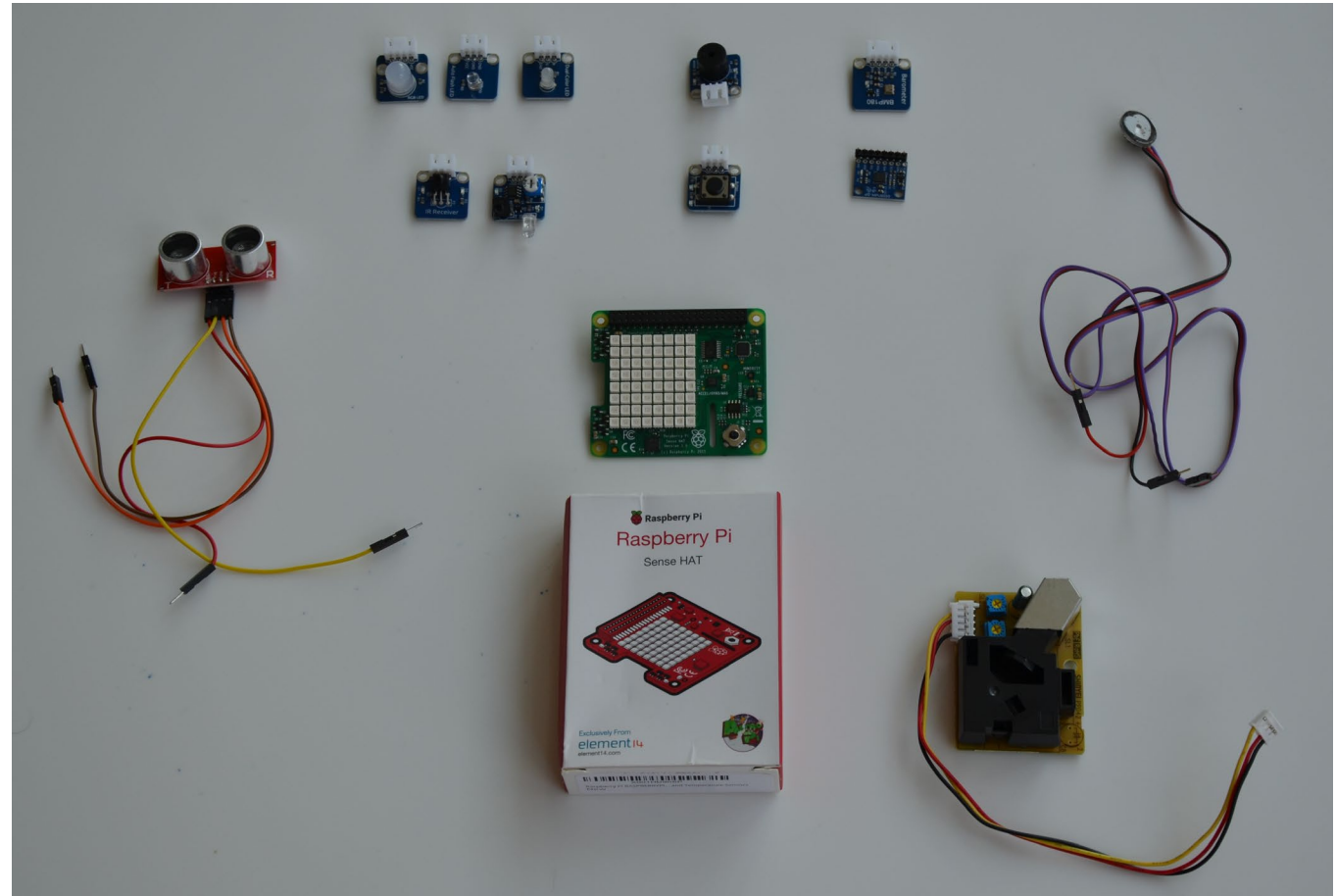
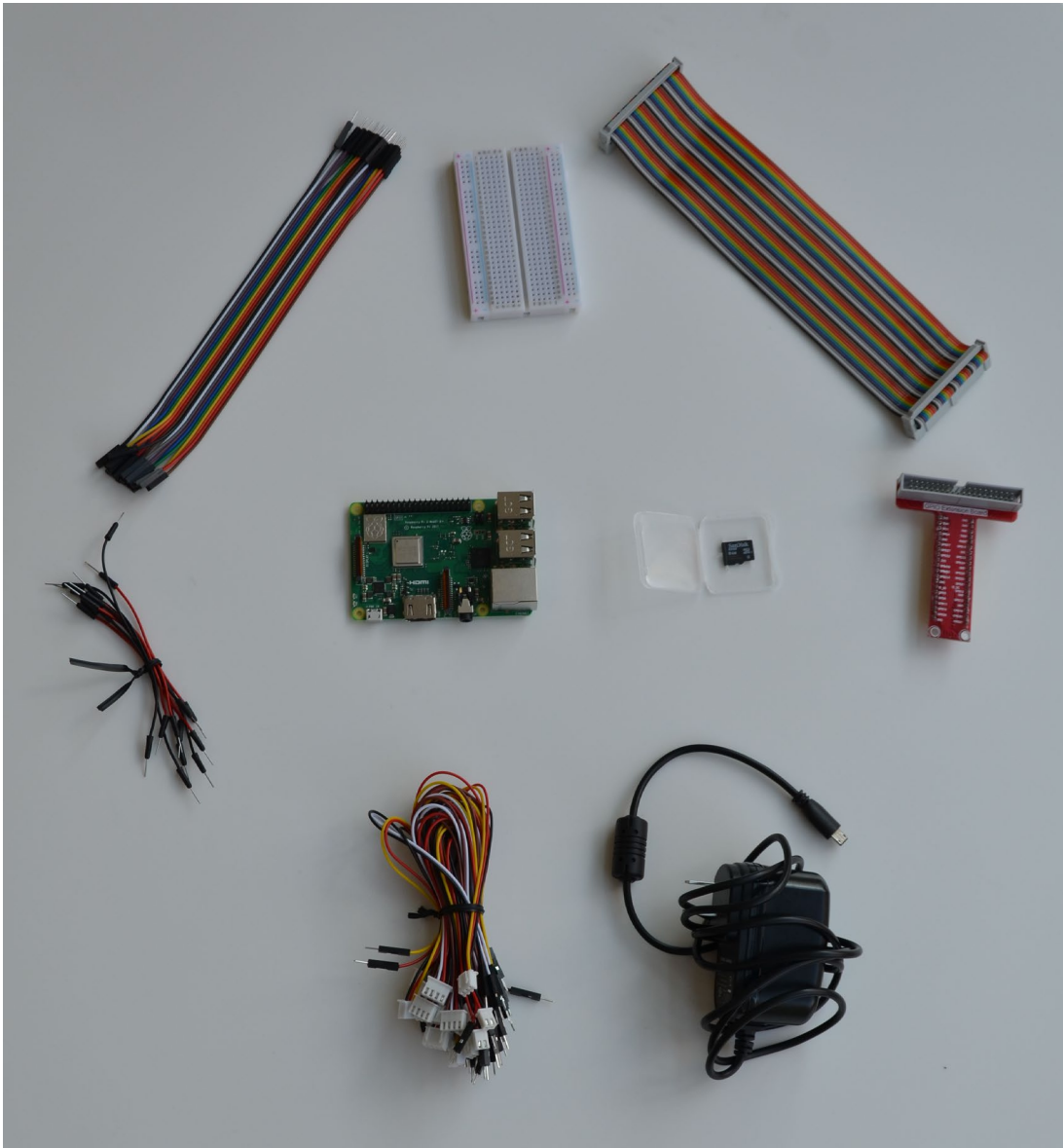


School of Engineering  
& Applied Science

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

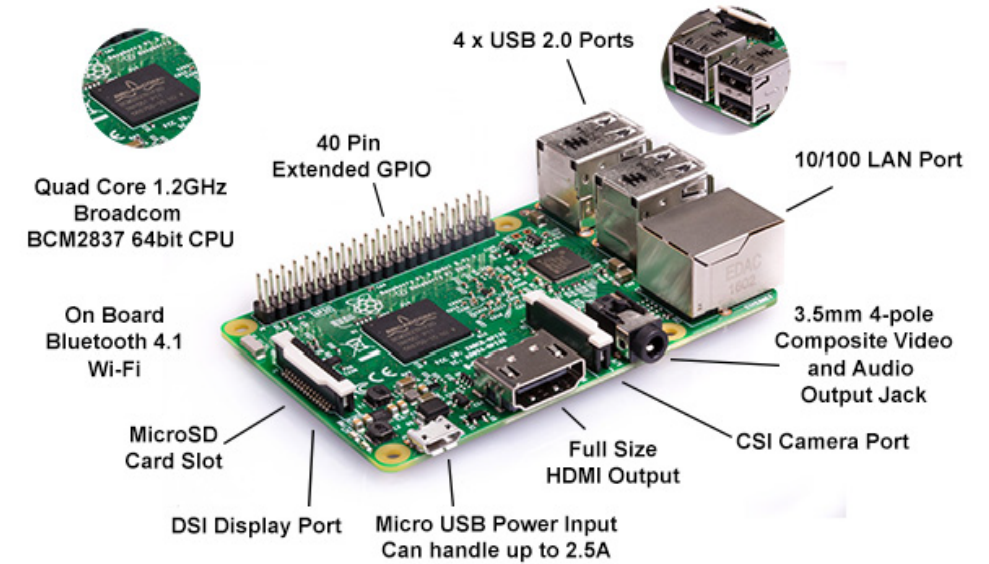
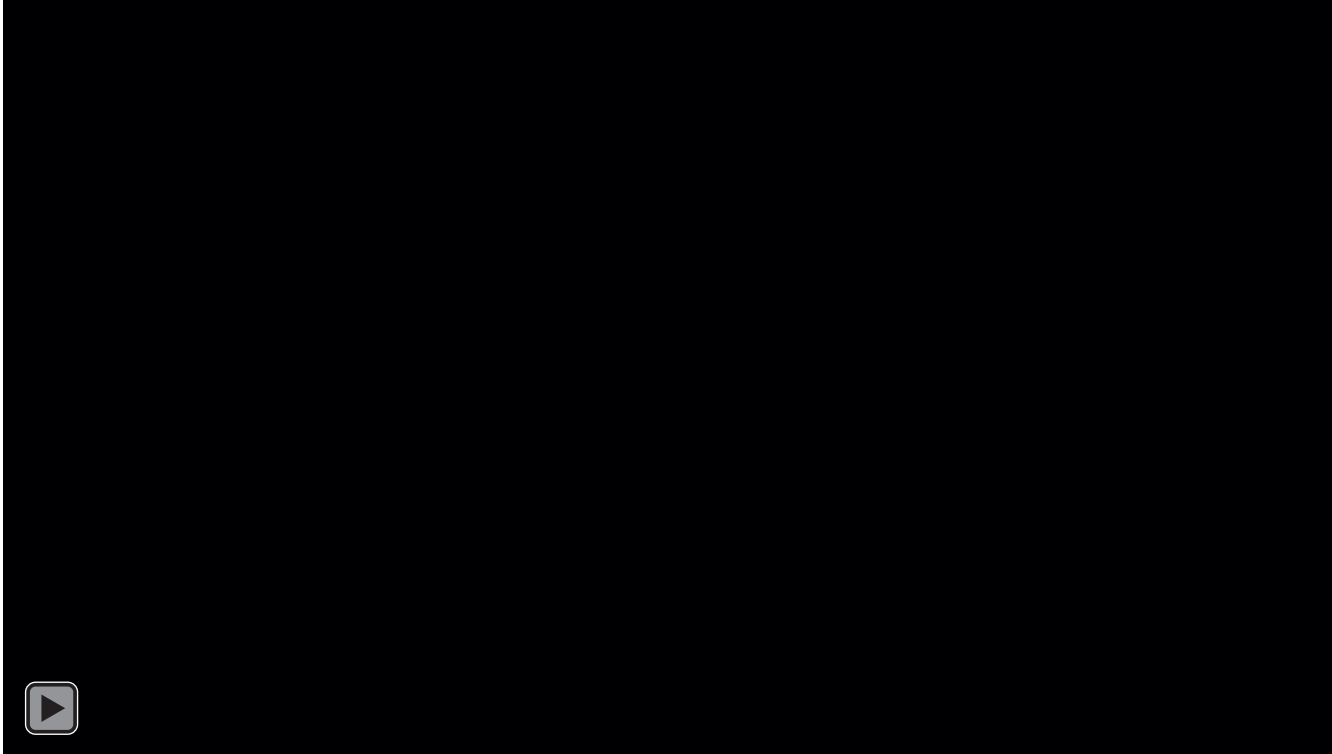
Fall 2021

Photo: Kartik Bulusu



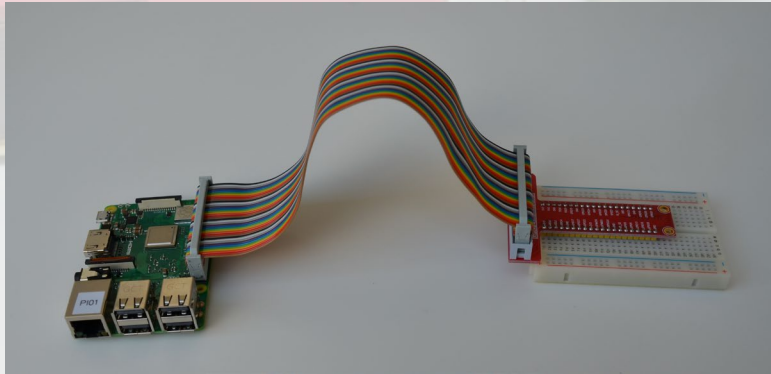
# Components and sensors in your kits

# Raspberry Pi Hardware and Connections

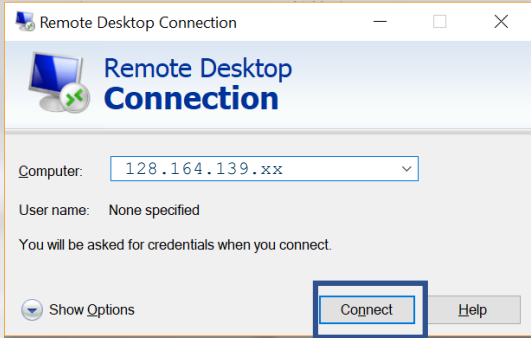


Source: <https://opensensorhub.org/2019/05/19/kinect-support-on-raspberrypi-3b/>

# Connect the Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPI) to a bread board

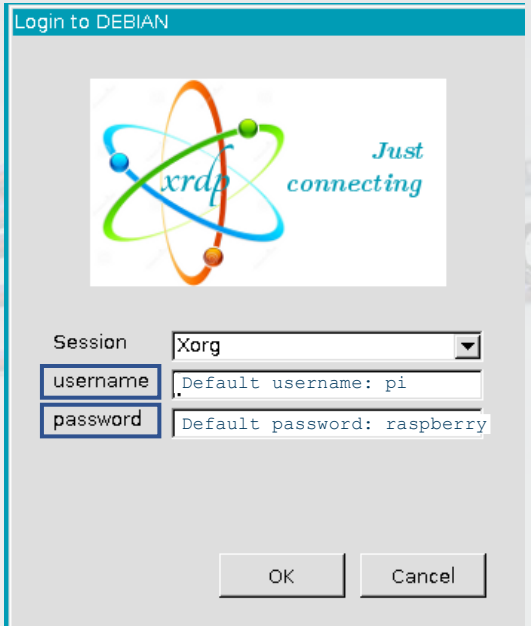


# Access to the RPi in the laboratory



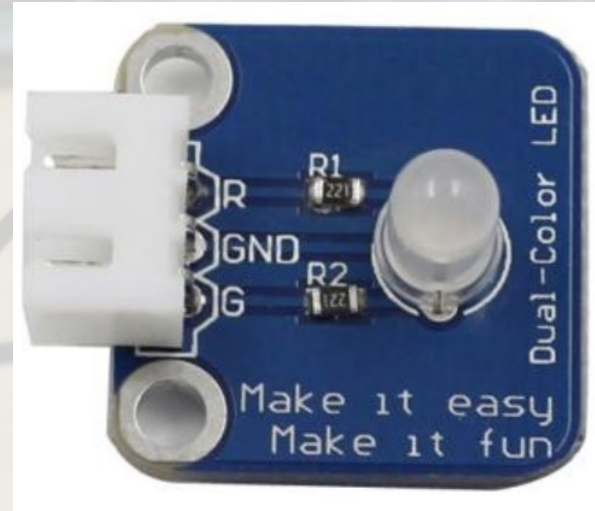
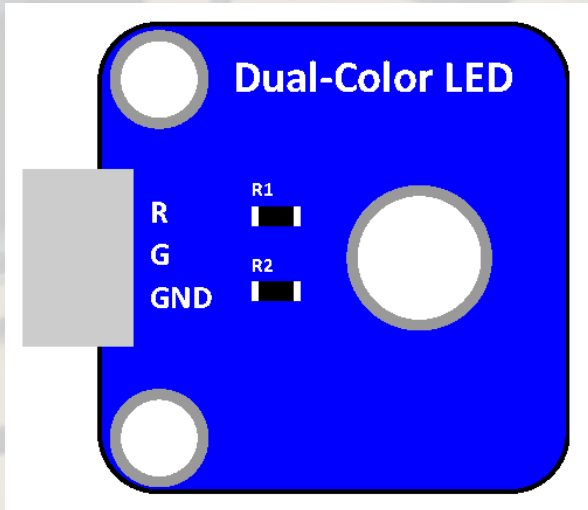
Each RPi is assigned a unique

- IP address <128.164.139.xx>
- username & password



Source: [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/f/f1/XRDP\\_Screenshot.png](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/f/f1/XRDP_Screenshot.png)

## Know your Light Emitting Diode (LED)



Source:

<https://www.sunfounder.com/learn/lesson-1-dual-color-led-sensor-kit-v2-0-for-b.html>

A dual-color light emitting diode (LED) is capable of emitting two different colors of light, typically red and green.

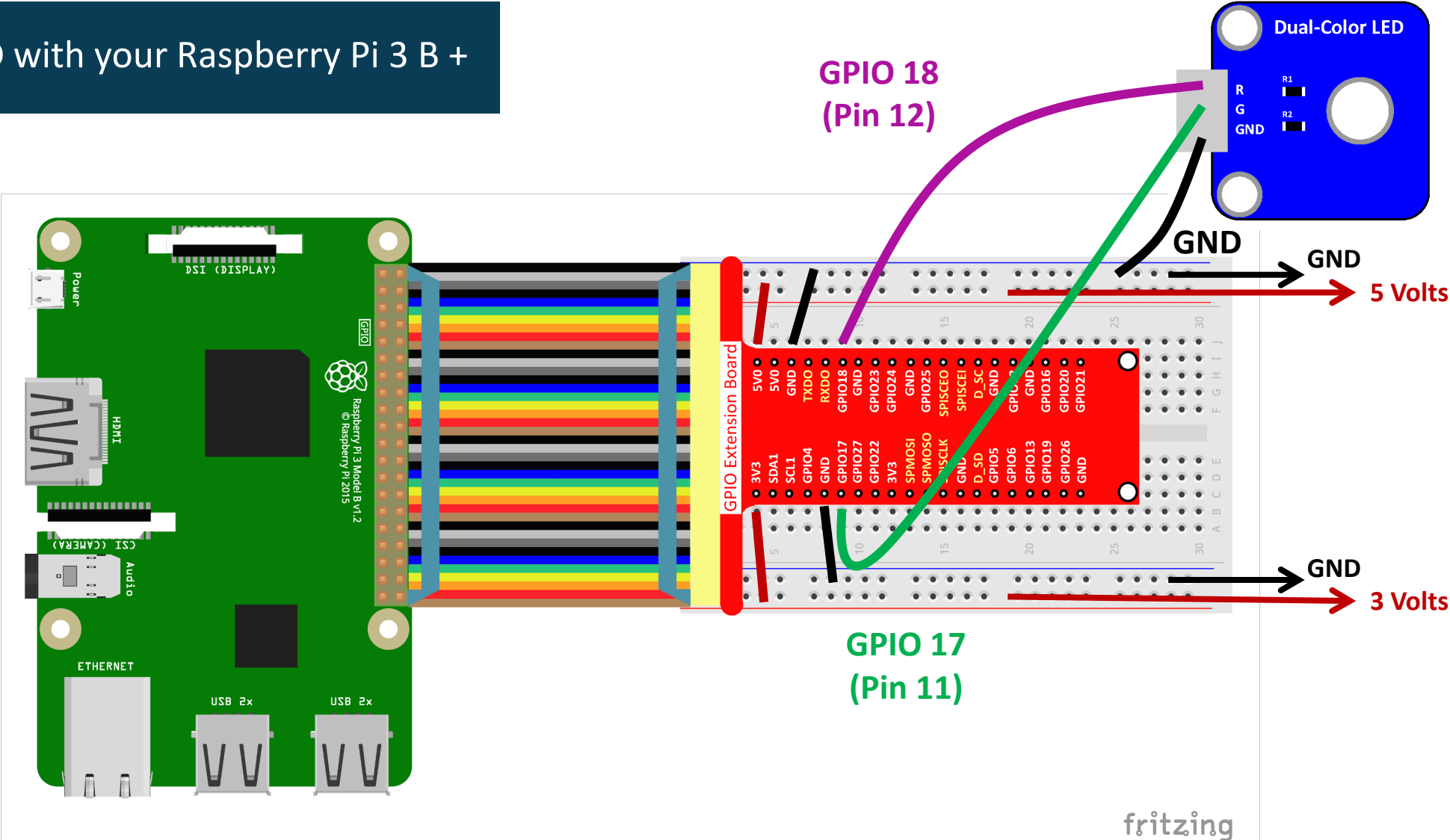
### Application:

Variety of devices, such as televisions, digital cameras, and remote controls deploy these type LEDs.

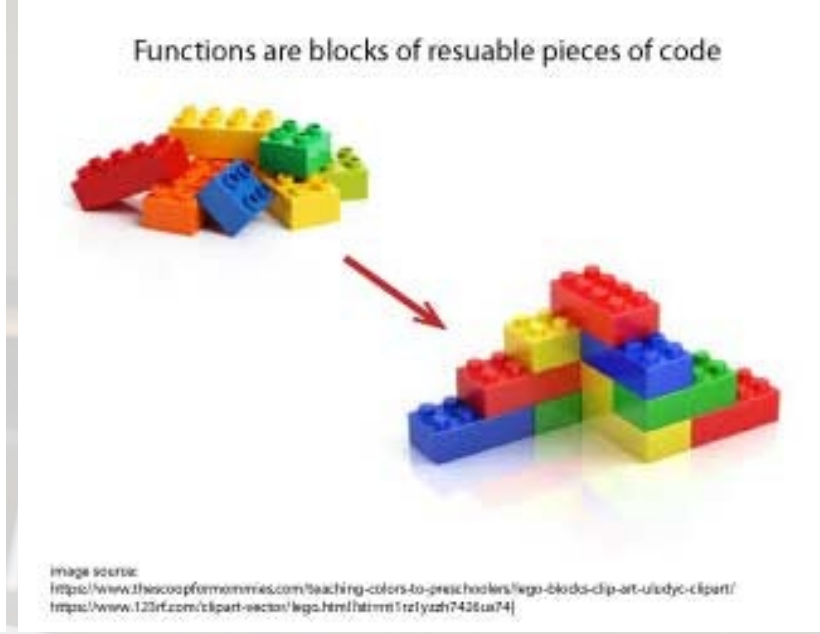
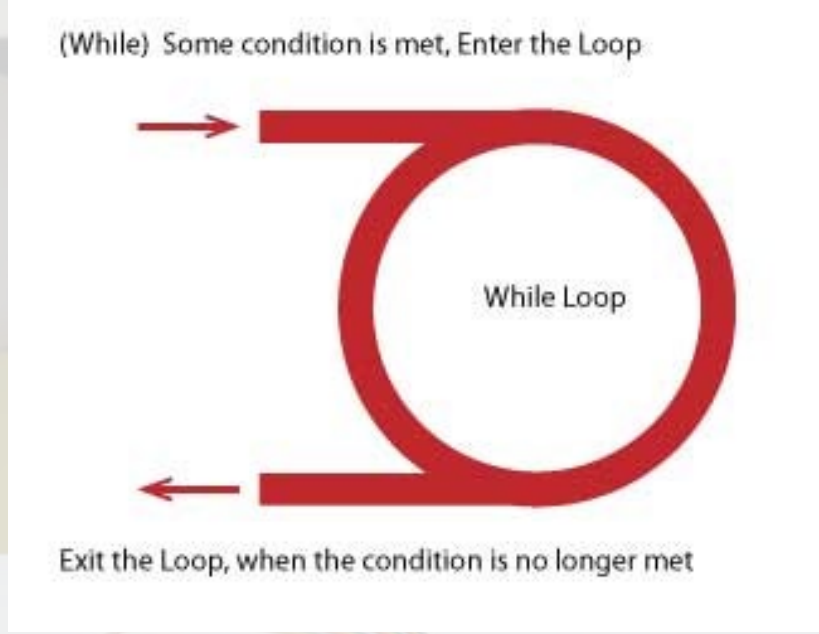
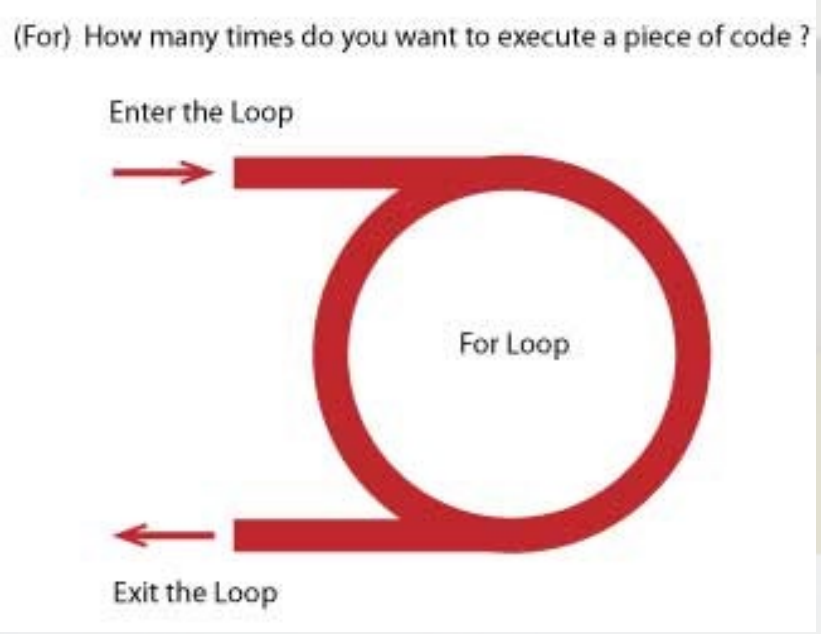
### Connector:

3-pin anti-reverse cable

# Light up an LED with your Raspberry Pi 3 B +



# Know some programming paradigms

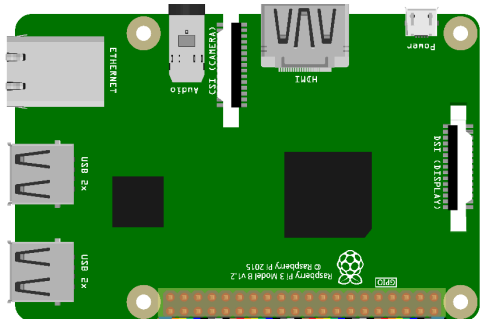


Loops



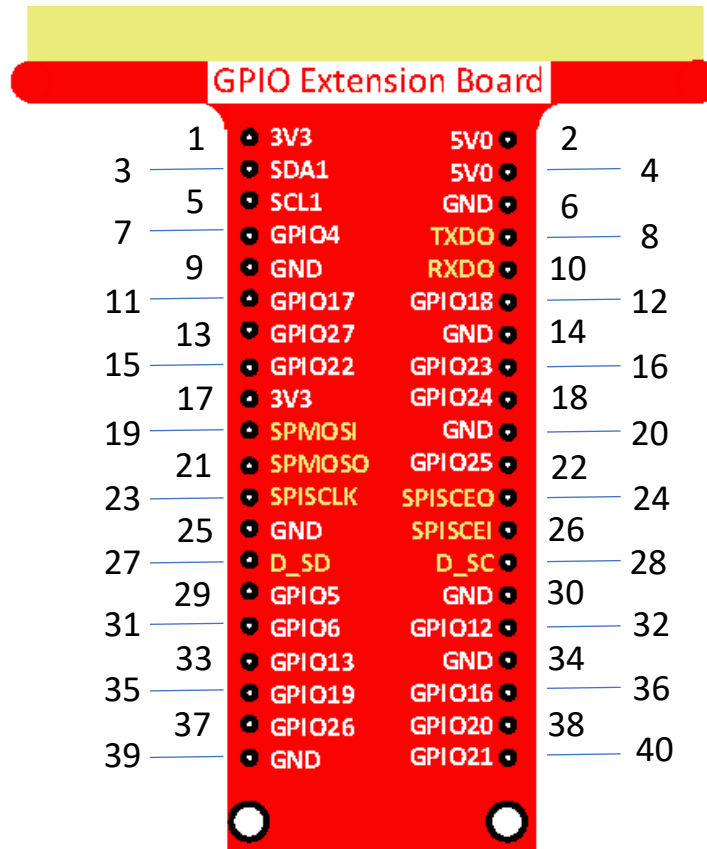
Functions

A simple python code to kick start your Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPi)



```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
```

```
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
```



```
GPIO.setup(12, GPIO.OUT)
```

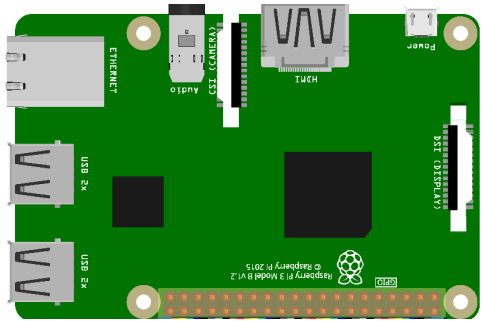
```
for i in range(0,15):
```

```
    GPIO.output(12, GPIO.HIGH)
    time.sleep(0.5)
    GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
    time.sleep(0.5)
    print(i)
```

```
GPIO.cleanup()
```

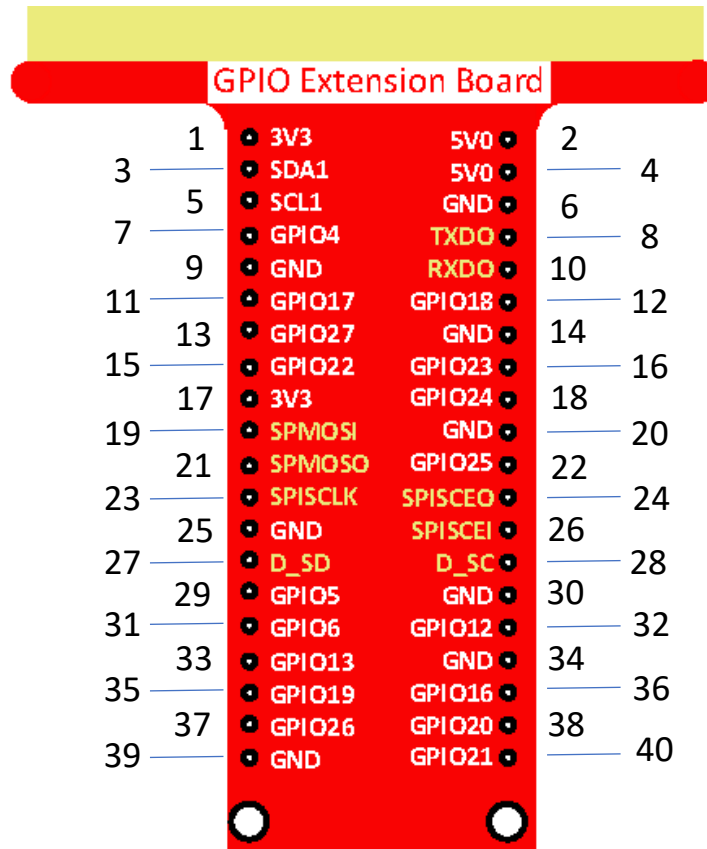


A simple python code to kick start your Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (Rpi)



```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
```

```
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
```



```
GPIO.setup(12, GPIO.OUT)
```

```
def loop():
    while True:
        GPIO.output(12, GPIO.HIGH)
        time.sleep(0.5)
        GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
        time.sleep(0.5)
```

```
def destroy():
    GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
    # Turn off all leds
    GPIO.cleanup()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    try:
        loop()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        destroy()
```